



LATIMER COUNTY

Financial Audit

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019



State Auditor & Inspector

LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

This publication, issued by the Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector's Office as authorized by 19 O.S. § 171, has not been printed, but is available on the agency's website (<u>www.sai.ok.gov</u>) and in the Oklahoma Department of Libraries Publications Clearinghouse Digital Prairie Collection (<u>http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/</u>) pursuant to 65 O.S. § 3-114.



November 15, 2021

TO THE CITIZENS OF LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Latimer County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

Sincerely,

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

Board of County Commissioners

District 1 – Jeremy Bullard District 2 – John Medders District 3 – Rodger Kimble

County Assessor

Chris Church

County Clerk

Erin Adams

County Sheriff

Jesse James

County Treasurer

DeLana Moon

Court Clerk

Melinda Brinlee

District Attorney

Jeff Smith

LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION



2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE OFFICERS OF LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the combined total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Latimer County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Latimer County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Latimer County as of June 30, 2019, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the combined total of receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Latimer County, for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

Latimer County has not presented the budgetary comparison information for the Comparative Schedule of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis—Health Fund. Although not a part of the financial statement, such information is an integral part of the regulatory presentation for county government.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2021, on our consideration of Latimer County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part

of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Latimer County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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CINDY BYRD, CPA

October 20, 2021

REGULATORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENT

LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS (WITH COMBINING INFORMATION) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2018 | | Receipts Apportioned | | Transfers In | | Transfers Out | | Disbursements | | Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2019 | |
|--|--|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|---------------|-----------|--|-----------|
| Combining Information: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| County General | \$ | 453,919 | \$ | 1,208,506 | \$ | 1,035 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,088,610 | \$ | 574,850 |
| County Highway | | 2,736,445 | | 2,139,715 | | - | | - | | 2,359,210 | | 2,516,950 |
| County Health | | 134,790 | | 155,120 | | - | | - | | 126,310 | | 163,600 |
| Sheriff Cash | | 35,491 | | 110,809 | | 3,097 | | - | | 88,068 | | 61,329 |
| Sales Tax Cash | | 1,088,827 | | 1,256,416 | | - | | - | | 1,265,092 | | 1,080,151 |
| Solid Waste Cash | | 323,208 | | 428,999 | | - | | - | | 424,690 | | 327,517 |
| E-911 Cash | | 19,228 | | 165,693 | | - | | - | | 160,278 | | 24,643 |
| County Sinking | | 21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 21 |
| Civil Defense | | 2,197 | | 28,213 | | - | | - | | 27,892 | | 2,518 |
| County Clerk Cash | | 27,169 | | 6,202 | | - | | - | | 11,838 | | 21,533 |
| County Treasurer Cash | | 9,741 | | 1,415 | | - | | - | | 2,053 | | 9,103 |
| Department of Corrections Cash | | 7,081 | | 15,255 | | - | | - | | 8,103 | | 14,233 |
| Drug Buy Cash | | 290 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 290 |
| County Assessor Cash | | 1,626 | | 3,194 | | - | | - | | 2,734 | | 2,086 |
| County Insurance | | 13,347 | | 28,428 | | - | | 4,132 | | 23,782 | | 13,861 |
| REAP Grant | | - | | 95,815 | | - | | · - | | 95,815 | | - |
| County Treasurer Resale Property | | 70,418 | | 66,947 | | - | | - | | 68,115 | | 69,250 |
| RM&P Cash | | 81,315 | | 12,960 | | - | | - | | 14,572 | | 79,703 |
| Flood Plain Cash | | 6,743 | | 600 | | - | | - | | 1,675 | | 5,668 |
| OLETS Cash | | 1,425 | | 2,400 | | - | | - | | 3,687 | | 138 |
| Jail Bond Cash | | 1,150 | | 1,716 | | - | | - | | 350 | | 2,516 |
| Tourism Trust Authority | | 52,538 | | 49,500 | | - | | - | | 68,800 | | 33,238 |
| County Extension Agent Cash | | 9,713 | | 480 | | - | | - | | 814 | | 9,379 |
| Free Fair Cash Account | | 3,118 | | - | | - | | - | | 869 | | 2,249 |
| Court Clerk Payroll | | 4,479 | | 71,070 | | - | | - | | 70,779 | | 4,770 |
| Sheriff Commissary | | 18,557 | | 19,125 | | - | | - | | 32,001 | | 5,681 |
| County Sheriff Vest Fund | | 55 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 55 |
| I.S.A.D.V. Grant | | 1,811 | | 45,135 | | - | | - | | 46,559 | | 387 |
| Sheriff Unclaimed Property | | 441 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 441 |
| Choctaw CCPF Cash | | - | | 11,300 | | - | | - | | - | | 11,300 |
| Combined Total - All County Funds, as Restated | \$ | 5,105,143 | \$ | 5,925,013 | \$ | 4,132 | \$ | 4,132 | \$ | 5,992,696 | \$ | 5,037,460 |

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Latimer County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including emergency medical districts, libraries, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included as combining information within the financial statement:

 $\underline{County \ General}$ – accounts for ad valorem taxes, officers' fees, interest earnings, and miscellaneous collections of the County. Disbursements are for the general operations of the County.

<u>County Highway</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>County Health</u> – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues. Disbursements are for the operation of the county health department.

<u>Sheriff Cash</u> – accounts for the collection and disbursement of Sheriff process service fees as restricted by state statute.

<u>Sales Tax Cash</u> – accounts for the collection of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds as restricted by the sales tax ballot, to be used for general government, hospital, and solid waste purposes.

<u>Solid Waste Cash</u> – accounts for the collection of fees for the services provided by solid waste and disbursed for operation of Latimer County Solid Waste.

 $\underline{\text{E-911 Cash}}$ – accounts for monies received from private telephone companies to be used for the operations of emergency 911 services.

<u>County Sinking</u> – accounts for the payment of interest and principal on the matured portion of long-term bonded debt and civil judgements. Debt service receipts derived generally from a special ad valorem tax levy and from interest earned on investments of cash not immediately required for debt service payments.

<u>Civil Defense</u> – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds from state and local governments for civil defense purposes.

<u>County Clerk Cash</u> – accounts for lien collections and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Treasurer Cash</u> - accounts for the collection of fees by the County Treasurer for mortgage tax certificates and the disbursement of the funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>Department of Corrections Cash</u> – accounts for monies received from the State of Oklahoma for the boarding and feeding of Department of Corrections' prisoners. Disbursements of funds are for jail operating expenses.

<u>Drug Buy Cash</u> – accounts for the monies received from the District Attorney to enable the County Sheriff to carry out undercover drug investigations.

<u>County Assessor Cash</u> – accounts for the collection of fees for copies and the disbursement of funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Insurance</u> – accounts for monies received from insurance companies for damages to county property.

<u>REAP Grant</u> – accounts for state grant funds received for specific projects as identified by the grant.

<u>County Treasurer Resale Property</u> – accounts for the collection of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and the disposition of same as restricted by state statute.

<u>RM&P Cash</u> – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed in the County Clerk's office as restricted by state statute for the preservation of records.

<u>Flood Plain Cash</u> - accounts for the collection from the sale of permits and disbursed for maintenance and operation of the emergency management office.

<u>OLETS Cash</u> – accounts for fees charged to local law enforcement agencies for dispatch services. These funds are used to help offset monthly Oklahoma Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (OLETS) fees and the maintenance and operation of the County Sheriff's office.

<u>Jail Bond Cash</u> – accounts for bond fees charged to inmates and is used for the operation of the County Sheriff's office.

<u>Tourism Trust Authority</u> – accounts for the excise tax collected on lodging to be used for the promotion and development of tourism and recreational activities for Latimer County.

<u>County Extension Agent Cash</u> – accounts for the collection of donations and disbursed for the operations of the county extension office.

<u>Free Fair Cash Account</u> – accounts for the collection of donations to be used for the maintenance and operation of the fairground.

<u>Court Clerk Payroll</u> – accounts for funds deposited by the Court Clerk and disbursed for payroll for the Court Clerk's office.

<u>Sheriff Commissary</u> – accounts for the monies received from the sale of commissary items and disbursement of funds are for commissary and jail operating expenses.

<u>County Sheriff Vest Fund</u> – accounts for donations received from citizens to be expended for personal protective gear for the Sheriff's Department.

<u>I.S.A.D.V. Grant</u> – accounts for grant funds received from LeFlore County Child Advocacy Center for the reimbursement of deputy salary for investigations related to sexual assault and domestic violence.

<u>Sheriff Unclaimed Property</u> – accounts for unclaimed inmate trust monies forfeited to the Sheriff's Office to be used as provided by law.

<u>Choctaw CCPF Cash</u> – accounts for the quarterly donations received from Choctaw Community Partner Fund for the use of general operations of the County.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 specifies the format and presentation for Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171. County governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

D. <u>Budget</u>

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

3. Other Information

A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides postretirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

D. Sales Tax

On June 24, 2014, the voters of Latimer County approved an amendment of an existing sales tax. The amendment of the sales tax order of said County which provides for the levy and collection of a one percent (1%) sales tax on certain sales providing that the purpose of said sales tax shall be to operate, maintain, equip, and improve the Latimer County Hospital and to retire indebtedness incurred for that purpose, to replace the present three-fourths percent (3/4%) sales tax for the said Hospital; providing that said one percent (1%) sales tax shall continue to be levied so long as the Latimer County Hospital Trust Authority remains in effect; fixing effective date; making provisions cumulative; and providing severability of provisions. The sales tax is accounted for in the Sales Tax Cash fund.

On November 8, 2016, the voters of Latimer County approved the following amendment of an existing sales tax. The 1/4 cent sales tax in Latimer County currently used by the Latimer County Government for the establishment, maintenance and operation of a solid waste system be redirected and divided for a period of five (5) years as follows: 1/8% to the Latimer County General fund, 1/16% to Latimer County Solid Waste Trust Authority, and 1/16% to Latimer County 911. The sales tax is accounted for in the Sales Tax Cash fund.

On March 6, 2018, the voters of Latimer County approved the continuation of the existing 1/2 cent sales tax for the sole benefit of general government for a period of five (5) years. The sales tax is accounted for in the Sales Tax Cash fund.

E. Tax Abatements

The County is subject to ad valorem tax abatements granted by the State of Oklahoma in accordance with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article 10 Section 6B for qualifying manufacturing concern—ad valorem tax exemption.

Under this program, a five-year ad valorem tax exemption exempts all real and personal property that is necessary for the manufacturing of a product and facilities engaged in research and development which meet the requirements set by the Oklahoma Constitution and statutes. Under Title 68 O.S. § 2902, in exchange for the five-year exemption, qualifying manufacturing concerns must meet certain minimum investment requirements for construction, acquisition, or expansion of a manufacturing facility. In addition, there are general minimum payroll requirements that must be met and the qualifying manufacturing concern must offer basic health benefit plans to all full-time employees within 180 days of employment.

The County had \$3,021 of ad valorem taxes abated under this program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The State has an Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund in accordance with Title 62 O.S. § 193 that is used to reimburse the County for the loss of revenue. Monies apportioned to this fund by the State also may be transferred to other state funds or otherwise expended as directed by the Legislature. In the event monies apportioned to the Fund are insufficient to pay all claims for reimbursement, claims for reimbursement for loss of revenue due to manufacturing exemptions of ad valorem taxes shall be paid first, and any remaining funds shall be distributed proportionally among the counties making claims for reimbursement for loss of revenue for school district exemptions.

F. Interfund Transfers

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfers between cash funds:

- \$1,035 was transferred from the County Insurance fund to the County General fund by the Board of County Commissioners' resolution to establish a uniform system of bookkeeping in accordance with Title 74 O.S. § 214.
- \$3,097 was transferred from the County Insurance fund to the Sheriff Cash fund by the Board of County Commissioners' resolution to establish a uniform system of bookkeeping in accordance with Title 74 O.S. § 214.

G. Restatement of Fund Balance

During the fiscal year, the Drug Buy Cash fund balance at June 30, 2018 was inaccurately reported and corrected on the July 1, 2018 beginning balance. This increased the Drug Buy Cash fund beginning balance to \$290. This correction resulted in a \$40 increase in the July 1, 2018 beginning balance.

| Prior year ending balance, as reported | \$5,105,103 |
|---|--------------------|
| Correction to Fund Balance for Drug Buy Cash fund | 40 |
| Prior year ending balance, as restated | <u>\$5,105,143</u> |

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | General Fund | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|----------|--|--|
| | | Budget | | Actual | V | Variance | | |
| County Sheriff | \$ | 370,532 | \$ | 296,162 | \$ | 74,370 | | |
| County Treasurer | | 90,307 | | 87,286 | | 3,021 | | |
| O.S.U. Extension | | 4,518 | | 4,191 | | 327 | | |
| County Clerk | | 124,308 | | 120,945 | | 3,363 | | |
| Court Clerk | | 69,008 | | 61,183 | | 7,825 | | |
| County Assessor | | 57,408 | | 57,406 | | 2 | | |
| Revaluation of Real Property | | 201,725 | | 198,431 | | 3,294 | | |
| General Government | | 340,803 | | 229,677 | | 111,126 | | |
| Excise - Equalization Board | | 6,000 | | 5,168 | | 832 | | |
| County Election Board | | 31,393 | | 31,323 | | 70 | | |
| Recording Account | | 1,000 | | 320 | | 680 | | |
| County Audit Budget Account | | 12,317 | | 12,317 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis | \$ | 1,309,319 | \$ | 1,104,409 | \$ | 204,910 | | |

1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedule of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the Health Fund has not been presented. Therefore, the legally adopted budget cannot be compared with actual data for the Health Fund. The Comparative Schedules of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION



2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

TO THE OFFICERS OF LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined total—all funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) of Latimer County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises Latimer County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2021.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County for the year ended June 30, 2019, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Latimer County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Latimer County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Latimer County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the antity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Latimer County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted a certain matter regarding statutory compliance that we reported to the management of Latimer County, which is included in Section 2 of the schedule of findings and responses contained in this report.

Latimer County's Response to Findings

Latimer County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Latimer County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is also a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.), and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

October 20, 2021

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

None Reported.

SECTION 2—This section contains a certain matter not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe this matter is significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider this matter and take appropriate corrective action.

Finding 2019-007 – Segregation of Duties – Court Clerk's Office

Condition: Upon inquiry and observation, the Court Fund processes are not properly segregated:

- One employee can open mail, receipt the mail, verify all deputies' receipts to monies collected, generate a receipt listing, and prepare and deliver the deposit to the County Treasurer. Additionally, the employee performs the monthly balancing of the Court Fund.
- The Court Clerk receives invoices, enters claims into the system, prints and signs vouchers, takes vouchers to be registered with the Treasurer, and disburses vouchers to the vendors.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed or implemented with regards to segregation of duties and/or compensating controls of the Court Fund receipting, depositing, expenditure, and reporting processes.

Effect of Condition: This condition could result in unrecorded transactions, undetected errors, misstated financial statements, or misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation: OSAI recommends that procedures be developed to separate key functions of the Court Fund receipting, depositing, expenditure, and reporting processes. In the event that segregation of duties is not possible due to limited personnel, OSAI recommends implementing compensating controls to mitigate the risk involved with a concentration of duties. Compensating controls would include separating key processes and/or critical functions of the office, and having management review and approve accounting functions.

Management Response:

Court Clerk: In the future we will try and correct as many issues as possible with our limited staff.

Criteria: The GAO Standards – Principle 10 – Design Control Activities – 10.03 states in part:

Segregation of Duties

Management divides or segregates key duties and responsibilities among different people to reduce the risk of error, misuse, or fraud. This includes separating the responsibilities for authorizing transactions, processing and recording them, reviewing the transactions, and handling any related assets so that no one individual controls all key aspects of a transaction or event.

Additionally, Principle 10 - Segregation of Duties states:

10.12 – Management considers segregation of duties in designing control activity responsibilities so that incompatible duties are segregated and, where such segregation is not practical, designs alternative control activities to address the risk.

10.13 – Segregation of duties helps prevent fraud, waste, and abuse in the internal control system. Management considers the need to separate control activities related to authority, custody, and accounting of operations to achieve adequate segregation of duties. In particular, segregation of duties can address the risk of management override. Management override circumvents existing control activities and increases fraud risk. Management addresses this risk through segregation of duties but cannot absolutely prevent it because of the risk of collusion, where two or more employees act together to commit fraud.

10.14 – If segregation of duties is not practical within an operational process because of limited personnel or other factors, management designs alternative control activities to address the risk of fraud, waste, or abuse in the operational process.





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